Compact Series S Models

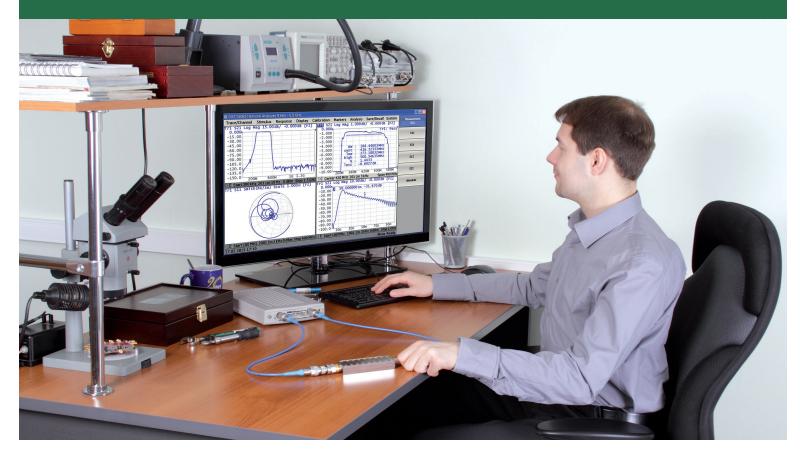


- Frequency range: 9 kHz 44 GHz
- Wide output power adjustment range: -55 dBm to +10 dBm
- Dynamic range: 135 dB (10 Hz IF bandwidth) typ.
- Measurement time per point: 22 µs per point, min typ.
- Up to 16 logical channels with 16 traces each max
- Automation programming in LabView, Python, MATLAB, .NET, etc.
- Models available in **50 or 75 Ohm**

- Time domain and gating conversion included
- Frequency offset mode, including vector mixer calibration measurements
- Up to 500,001 measurement points
- Multiple **precision calibration** methods and automatic calibration

EXTEND YOUR REACH™

Full featured lab grade performance in a compact package



Our Compact Series VNAs deliver lab grade performance in a compact package, with all the features engineers have come to expect included: time domain and gating conversion, segmented frequency sweeps, linear/logarithmic sweeps, power sweeps, multiple trace formats, 16 channels max. with up to 16 traces each, marker math, and limit tests.

Versatile and portable Copper Mountain Technologies' Compact analyzers can be powered by battery and are ideal for use by specialists working in the field, as well as laboratory and production testing in a wide variety of industries including design and production of RF components, cable CPEs, medical devices, aerospace, etc.

Copper Mountain Technologies' USB VNAs are next generation analyzers designed to meet the needs of 21st Century engineers. Our VNAs include an RF measurement module and a processing module, a software application which runs on a Windows or Linux PC, laptop, or tablet, connecting to the measurement hardware via USB interface.

This innovative approach delivers high measurement accuracy and enables users to take advantage of faster processors, newer computers and larger displays. USB VNAs have lower Total Cost of Ownership and fewer potential failure points.

These instruments are smaller and lighter, can go almost anywhere, are very easy to share and eliminate the need for data purging or hard drive removal in secure environments.

The Whole Solution

Warranty, Service, & Repairs

All our products come with a standard three-year warranty from date of shipment. During that time we will repair or replace any product malfunctioning due to defective parts or labor.

While we pride ourselves on quality of our instruments, should your VNA malfunction for any reason, we will gladly offer a loaner unit while we service yours. With our USB VNAs where all data is stored on your PC, a simple swap of the measurement module assures uninterrupted workflow. So you will experience little or no downtime.

Our engineers are an extension of your team

Our team of applications engineers, service technicians, and metrology scientists are here to help you with technical support, application-specific recommendations, annual performance testing, and troubleshooting or repair of your CMT instruments.

Our engineers will work with your team to augment your in-house capabilities. We can write custom applications and test software, develop test automation scripts and help with integrated RF system testing. We can design and provide an RF switching network specific to your requirements; electro-mechanical, solid-state, or PIN diode-based. If the S-parameter measurement fixture involves challenging conditions for repeatability and accuracy we can assist with measurement uncertainty analysis.

An extensive library of technical materials including application notes, tips on performing VNA measurements, sample automation scripts, and how-to videos are available on our website <u>www.coppermountaintech.com</u> and <u>YouTube channel</u>, CopperMountainTech.

Annual Calibration

Copper Mountain Technologies' Indianapolis calibration laboratory is accredited in accordance with the recognized international standard ISO/IEC 17025:2017 and meets the requirements of ANSI/NCSL Z540-1994-1. All reference standards and equipment in the laboratory are traceable to National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) or international equivalent.

Should you prefer to perform the annual testing yourself or use a third party, contact us for information or questions on performing these procedures. Additionally, the VNA Performance Test (VNAPT) software application is available for third party laboratories without restriction. Use of VNAPT to execute performance tests is optional, but the software is designed to automate and streamline VNA performance testing, including automatic generation of test reports. Please contact Copper Mountain Technologies or your local distributor for recommended calibration options.



"CMT devices are lightweight, compact and a necessary tool for technical sales or engineers on the go. The software interface allows users to test RF products with any standard computer system. This is a revolution and a relief in terms of space occupied in the lab, measurement reliability and dynamic range. CMT provides the highest level of timely and attentive customer care." Jessy Cavazos

Industry Director, Frost & Sullivan

Software application is part of the VNA

The software application takes raw measurement data from the data acquisition (measurement) module and recalculates into S-parameters in multiple presentation formats utilizing proprietary algorithms. These new and advanced calibration and other accuracy enhancing algorithms were developed by our metrology experts. Our software can be downloaded free from our website, used on an unlimited number of PCs using either Linux or Windows operating systems, and enables easy VNA integration with other software applications and automation.

The software application features a fully functioning Demo Mode, which can be used for exploring VNAs' features and capabilities without an actual measurement module connected to your PC.



Measurement Capabilities

Measured parameters:

 S_{11} , S_{21} , S_{12} , S_{22} All models also measure absolute power of the reference and received signals at the port.

Number of measurement channels

Up to 16 independent logical channels: each logical channel is represented on the screen as an individual channel window. A logical channel is defined by such stimulus signal settings as frequency range, number of test points, or power level.

Data traces

Up to 16 data traces can be displayed in each channel window. A data trace represents one of such parameters of the DUT as S-parameters, response in time domain, or input power response.

Memory traces

Each of the 16 data traces can be saved into memory for further comparison with the current values.

Data display formats

Logarithmic magnitude, linear magnitude, phase, expanded phase, group delay, SWR, real part, imaginary part, Smith chart diagram and polar diagram display formats are available.

Software Application

Dynamic Range



Typical dynamic range of 125 dB is achieved from 300 kHz through the top of the frequency range (at 10 Hz IF bandwidth). Seen here is the maximum dynamic range achieved when using IFBW 1 Hz and an output power level of 5 dBm.

Sweep Features

Sweep type: Linear frequency sweep and logarithmic frequency sweep are performed with fixed output power. Linear power sweep is performed at a fixed frequency.

Measured points per sweep: Set by the user from 2 to 200,001.

Segment sweep features: A frequency sweep within several independent user-defined segments. Frequency range, number of sweep points, source power, and IF bandwidth can be set for each segment.

Output Power: Source power from -50 dBm to +5 dBm with a resolution of 0.05 dB. In frequency sweep mode power slope can be set up to 2 dB/GHz to compensate for high frequency attenuation in fixture cables.

Sweep Trigger:

Trigger modes: continuous, single, or hold. Trigger sources: internal, manual, external, bus.



Trace Functions

< Display
Active Trace/Channel
Allocate Channels D
Num Of Traces 4
Allocate Traces >
Display Data & Memory
Data -> Memory
Data Math Data / Mem

Trace display

Data trace, memory trace, or simultaneous indication of data and memory traces.

Trace math

Data trace modification by math operations: addition, subtraction, multiplication or division of measured complex values and memory data.



Autoscaling

Automatic selection of scale division and reference level value to have the trace most effectively displayed.

Electrical delay

Calibration plane moving to compensate for the delay in the test setup. Compensation for electrical delay in device under test (DUT) during measurements of deviation from linear phase.

Phase offset

Defined in degrees.

Frequency Scan Segmentation

The VNA has a large frequency range with the option of frequency scan segmentation. This allows for optimal use of the device to realize the maximum dynamic range while maintaining high measurement speed.

Power Scanning & Compression Point Recognition

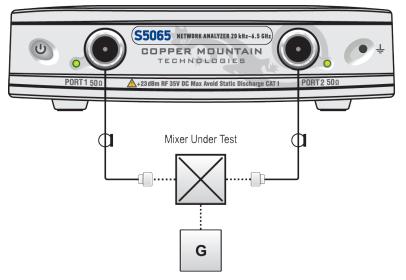
The power sweep feature turns compression point recognition, one of the most fundamental and complex amplified measurements, into a simple and accurate operation.

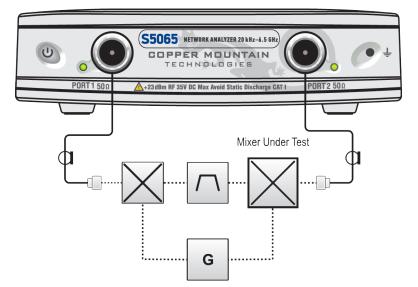


Pictured here is an S5085 VNA testing a 75 Ω amplifier with two CMT AP50NM75NF Impedance Matching Pads.

Software Application

Mixer/Converter Measurements





Scalar mixer/converter measurements

The scalar method allows the user to measure only the magnitude of the transmission coefficient of the mixer and other frequency translating devices. No external mixers or other devices are required. The scalar method employs port frequency offset when there is a difference between the source port frequency and the receiver port frequency.

Scalar mixer/converter calibration

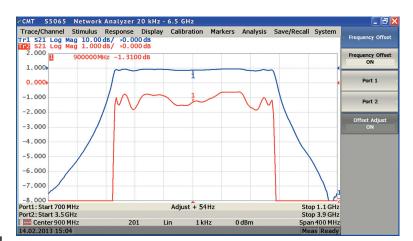
This is the most accurate method of calibration applied for measurements of mixers in frequency offset mode. The OPEN, SHORT, and LOAD calibration standards are used. An external power meter should be connected to the USB port directly or via USB/GPIB adapter.

Vector mixer/converter measurements

The vector method allows the measurement of both the magnitude and phase of the mixer transmission coefficient. This method requires an external mixer and an LO common for both the external mixer and the mixer under test.

Vector mixer/converter calibration

This method of calibration is applied for vector mixer measurements. OPEN, SHORT, and LOAD calibration standards are used.

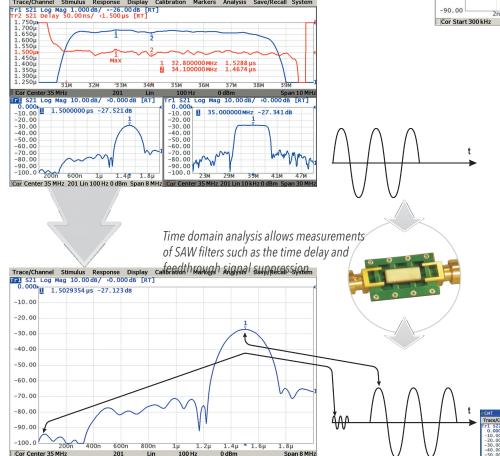


Automatic frequency offset adjustment

This function performs automatic frequency offset adjustment when the scalar mixer/converter measurements are performed to compensate for internal LO setting inaccuracy in the DUT.

Time Domain Measurements

This function performs conversion of response of the DUT to various stimulus types from frequency domain into time domain. Modeled stimulus types are bandpass, lowpass impulse, and lowpass step. The time domain span is arbitrarily between zero to maximum, which is determined by the frequency step. Windows of various shapes are used for tradeoff between resolution and levels of spurious sidelobes.



Irace/Channel Stimulus Response Display Calibration Markers Analysis Save/Recall System ID1 S11 Log Mag 10.00 dB / -0.000 dB [R0] 0.000 -10.00 -20.00 -30.00 -40.00 -50.00 -60.00 -70.00 -80.00 -90.00 2n 3n 2n 3n 3n 4n 5n 6n -80.00 2n -90.00 2n 2n 3n 4n 5n 6n 7n 8n 9n 9n 30 Hz

Here, built-in time domain analysis allows the user to detect a physical impairment in a cable.

<figure>

Time Domain Gating

This function mathematically removes unwanted responses in the time domain, which allows the user to obtain a frequency response without effects of fixture elements.

This function applies reverse transformation back to the frequency domain after cutting out the user-defined span in the time domain. Gating filter types are bandpass or notch. For a better tradeoff between gate resolution and level of convision side base the following filter shapes are available, maximum wide not be the following filter shapes are available.

Total Stoles Ketwork Analyzer 20 kHz 4.5 GHz Total Stoles Ketwork Analyzer 20 kHz 4.5 GHz Tri 522 Log Keg 10.00 dB/ -0.000 dB [K0] -0.000

spurious sidelobes the following filter shapes are available: maximum, wide, normal and minimum.

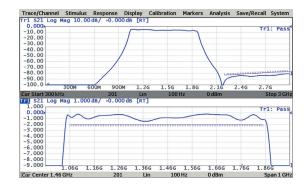
Applications of these features include, but are not limited to: measurements of SAW filter parameters, such as filter time delay or forward transmission attenuation.

Software Application

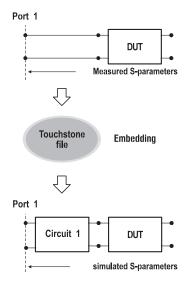
Limit Testing

Limit testing is a function for automatic pass/fail based on measurement results. Pass/fail is based on comparison of the trace to the limit line set by the user and can consist of one or several segments.

Each segment checks the measurement value for failing either the upper or lower limit, or both. The limit line segment is defined by specifying the coordinates of the beginning (X0, Y0) and the end (X1, Y1) of the segment, and type of the limit. The MAX or MIN limit types check if the trace falls outside of the upper or lower limit, respectively.

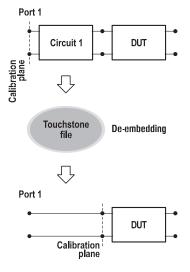


Embedding



Allows the user to mathematically simulate the DUT parameters after virtual connection through a fixture circuit between the calibration plane and the DUT. This circuit is described by an S-parameter matrix in a Touchstone file.

De-Embedding



Allows users to mathematically exclude from the measurement result the effect of the fixture circuit connected between the calibration plane and a DUT. This circuit should be described by an S-parameter matrix in a Touchstone file.



Port Impedance Conversion

⊲	Port ZConversion
[Port ZConversion OFF
_	
Γ	Port1 Z0 50 Ω

This function converts the S-parameters measured at a 50 or 75 Ω port into values which would be seen if measured at a test port with arbitrary impedance.

S-Parameter Conversion

This function allows for conversion of measured S-parameters to the following parameters: reflection impedance and admittance, transmission impedance and admittance, and inverse S-parameters.

Data Output

Save/Recall	
Save State	
Recall State	
Save Channel	
Recall Channel	
Save Type State & Cal	
Delete State File	
Delete All State Files	
Save Session OFF	
Save Trace Data	
Save Data To Touchstone File	

Analyzer State

All state, calibration and measurement data can be saved to an Analyzer state file on the hard disk and later recalled into the software program. The following four types of states are available: State, State & Cal, Stat & Trace, or All.

Channel State

A channel state can be saved into the Analyzer state. The procedure is similar to saving of the Analyzer state, and the same types are applied to channel state saving. Unlike Analyzer state, channel state is saved into the Analyzer volatile memory (not to the hard disk) and is cleared when power to the Analyzer is switched off. For channel state, there are four memory registers A, B, C, D. Channel state saving allows the user to easily copy the settings of one channel to another one.

Trace Data CSV File

The Analyzer allows the user to save an individual trace's data as a CSV file (comma separated values). The active trace stimulus and response values, in its current format are saved to a *.CSV file.

Trace Data Touchstone File

Allows the user to save S-parameters to a Touchstone file. The Touchstone file contains frequency values and S-parameters. Files of this format are industry-standard for most circuit simulator programs. The .s2p files are used for saving all S-parameters of a device. The .s1p files are used for saving S_{11} or S_{22} parameters of a 1-port device. The Touchstone file saving function is applied to individual channels. In addition, the software can be used as a Touchstone file viewer, which allows the user to graphically display and work with previously saved Touchstone files.

Screenshot capture

A print function is provided with a preview feature, which allows for viewing the image to be printed on the screen, and/or save it to a file. Screenshots can be printed using three different applications: MS Word, Image Viewer for Windows, or the Print Wizard of the Analyzer. Each screenshot can be printed in color, grayscale, black and white, or inverted for visibility or to save ink. The current date and time can be added to each capture before it is transferred to the printing application, resulting in quick and easy test reporting.



User Calibration

Calibration

Calibration of a test setup (which includes the VNA, cables, and adapters) significantly increases the accuracy of measurements. Calibration allows for correction of errors caused by imperfections in the measurement system: system directivity, source and load match, tracking, and isolation.

Calibration methods

The following calibration methods of various sophistication and accuracy are available:

- Reflection & transmission normalization
- Full one-port calibration
- One-path two-port calibration
- Full two-port calibration

Reflection and transmission normalization

This is the simplest calibration method; however, it provides reduced accuracy compared to other methods.

Full one-port calibration

Method of calibration performed for one-port reflection measurements. It ensures high accuracy.

One-path two-port calibration

Method of calibration performed for reflection and one-way transmission measurements, for example for measuring S_{11} and S_{21} only. It ensures high accuracy for reflection measurements, and moderate accuracy for transmission measurements.

Full two-port calibration

This method of calibration is performed for full S-parameter matrix measurement of a two-port DUT, ensuring high accuracy.

TRL calibration

Method of calibration performed for full S-parameter matrix measurement of a two-port DUT. It ensures higher accuracy than two-port calibration. LRL and LRM modifications of this calibration method are available.

Mechanical Calibration Kits

The user can select one of the predefined calibration kits of various manufacturers or define a new calibration kit.

Automatic Calibration Modules

Electronic, or automatic, calibration modules offered by CMT make calibration faster and easier than traditional mechanical calibration.

Sliding load calibration standard

The use of a sliding load calibration standard allows for a significant increase in calibration accuracy at high frequencies compared to the fixed load calibration standard.

"Unknown" thru calibration standard

The use of a generic two-port reciprocal circuit instead of a characterized Thru in full two-port calibration allows the user to calibrate the VNA for measurement of "non-insertable" devices.

Defining of calibration standards

Different methods of calibration standard definition are available: standard definition by polynomial model and standard definition by data (S-parameters).

Error correction interpolation

When the user changes any settings such as the start/stop frequencies or the number of sweep points, compared to the settings at the moment of calibration, interpolation or extrapolation of the calibration coefficients will be applied.

Power calibration

Power calibration allows more stable power level setting at the DUT input. An external power meter should be connected to the USB port directly or via a USB/GPIB adapter.

Receiver calibration

This method calibrates the receiver gain at the absolute signal power measurement.

Automation

Automation Languages

We maintain code examples and guides in the following languages:

- MATLAB
- C++*
- LabVIEW
- Visual Basic (Excel) •
- Python* And many more • • *Available for use with Linux operating system

Measurement Automation

COM/DCOM interface

The VNA software provides a COM/DCOM (ActiveX) interface, allowing the instrument to be used as a part of a larger test system and in other specialized applications. The VNA program runs as a COM/DCOM server, while the user program runs as a client. COM/DCOM is able to be used with Windows OS only.

SCPI via TCP Socket

Alternatively a TCP socket is provided for automation from either localhost--the same machine running the VNA software application-or from a second PC connected by an IP network. The SCPI command is largely compatible with legacy instruments, maximizing code reuse for existing test automation platforms. SCPI via TCP Socket is able to be used with either Windows or Linux operating systems.

SCPI via HiSlip

Based on VXI-11, the HiSlip interface uses the same SCPI command set but further allows for instrument discovery and provides ease of automation through Visa library of your choice. SCPI via HiSlip is able to be used with either Windows or Linux operating systems.

LabVIEW compatible

The device and its software are fully compatible with LabView applications, for ultimate flexibility in user-generated programming and automation. LabVIEW is able to be used with Windows OS only.

Our command set is modeled after industry-standard legacy equipment; porting code is straightforward and we can help. Complete installation of any CMT software comes with multiple programming examples and guides installed in the C:\VNA\S2VNA\ Programming Examples and Guides directory on Windows or ~/Documents/VNA directory on Linux.

CMT software includes many features that other vendors offer as options, including Time Domain capability, S-parameter Embedding and De-Embedding, Frequency Offset, and Vector Mixer Calibration functionality. No integrated PC means faster data processing turnaround and regular updates that are easy to install. Less complexity in the VNA leads to fewer points of failure that cost you production/development time.

Plugins can add wide ranges of functionality and can be developed upon request. Examples include streamlined production applications, functionality to trigger with external generators, and virtual circuit matching modeling.

Automation Features

- Segmented frequency sweeps •
- Linear/logarithmic sweeps
- Power sweeps
- Multiple trace formats Marker math
- 16 channels max. with up to 16 traces each Limit tests



Software Plug-ins/Manufacturing Plug-in

All Copper Mountain Technologies VNAs include support for executable software add-on modules or plug-ins. With plug-ins, customers and CMT support engineers can develop extensions to the base software launched from inside the main application menu. Place your executable into the /Plug-ins/ subfolder of your VNA's installation path, and then use the System->Plug-ins menu sequence to launch.

Most plug-ins are developed based on specific customer's needs. We also offer source code for many plug-ins to help you get started with creating your own plug-ins or as a jumping off point for automation projects.

Manufacturing Plug-in

Our most popular plug-in, Manufacturing Test, supports incorporating VNA software into your manufacturing QMS:

- Streamline production test processes.
- Ensure consistency of test process across multiple operators and workstations.
- Easily create and manage pass/fail limits across multiple workstations. Pass/fail limits and instrument configuration are stored in a human-readable plaintext "specifications" file which can be maintained by an authorized test engineer.
- Organize test results for subsequent retrieval and analysis.

With CMT's manufacturing test plug-in, production managers can meet these requirements and assure the same test settings and process are applied consistently at all times. Photographs of the calibration and test process are displayed during setup to prompt the operator through each process step. After each test, results are automatically archived into a network folder for reporting and analysis. The test plug-in also allows for hard copies of the test result to be automatically printed at the time of test, so the result can be included with the product when it ships to the end customer.

Test settings for each product are updated by the production manager based on similar products or a generic "template" which can be readily customized.

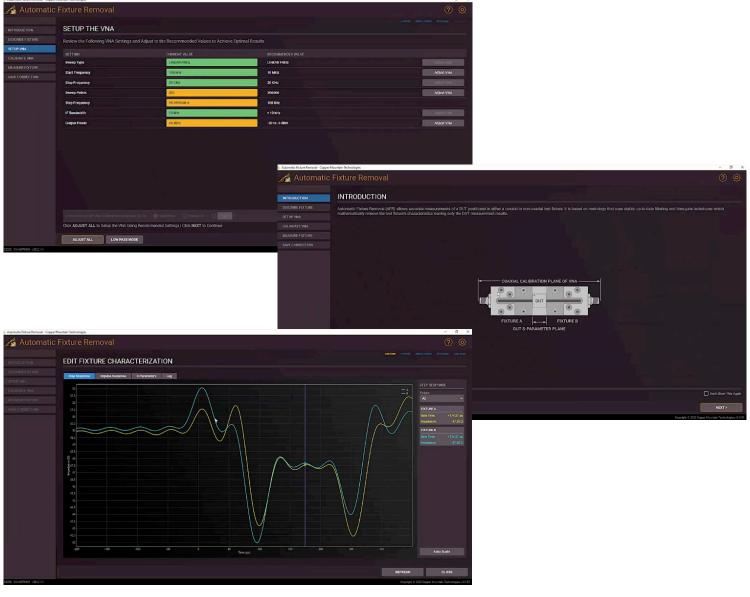
🥝 Copper Mountain Technologie	s Cable Test	– 🗆 🗙		
	INTAIN 0 I E B			
RETURN LOSS	Open the Lot by Clicking the 'OPEN LOT' Button	Copper Mountain Technolog	IUNTAIN	PASS
VNACONFIGURED VNACALIBRATED LOT OPENED	EXAMPLE RETURN LOSS	SPECIFICATION LOADED VIA CONFIGURED VIA CALIBRATED LOT OPENED	REEL NUMBER: 1 NOW TESTING COAX: 2 TEST ONE END	ITEM NUMBER: EXAMPLE RETURN LOSS LOT NUMBER: 001 OPERATOR: John PUT UP MACHINE: 001 NOTES:
Heat VNA Calibration: 19-JUN-2018 12-20 AM Last VNA Calibration: 05-JUN-2018 GALIBRATE VNA NOW	AUTO PRINT WA SCREENSHOTS OPEN LOT M R60 SN:00000000 v18:22 CAL DUE IN: 10 DAYS 12 HRS v2018.1.1 © 2016-2018 COPPER M	OK Ned VNA Calbration: 22-JUH-2018 12-00 AM Laft VNA Calbration 06-JUH-2018 11-18 AM CALIBRATE VNA NOW	TESTS PASSED 100% TOTAL TESTED: 1 PASSED: 1 FAILED: 0 CLOSE	PRINT VNA SCREENSHOT CHANGE OPERATOR
		08-JUN-2018 11:19:47	AM R60 SN:00000000 v18.2.2 CAL DUE IN: 13 DAYS 12 HRS	v2018.1.1 © 2016-2018 COPPER MOUNTAIN TECHNOLOGIES

Automatic Fixture Removal Plug-in

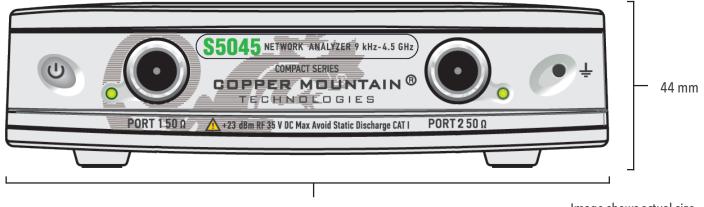
Automatic Fixture Removal (AFR) VNA software plug-in enables the measurement of a wide range of components through comprehensive methods tailored to specific fixture properties. The intuitive AFR software moves the calibration plane towards hard to access DUTs and guides the de-embedding process using either time-gating, filtering, or bisect methods. These methods provide the user with better measurement accuracy and reliability based on the components to test. The AFR software plug-in is easy to use and is compatible with all CMT Cobalt series VNAs and Compact series two-port, two-path VNAs.

The Automatic Fixture Removal (AFR) plugin uses metrology grade de-embedding algorithms to eliminate fixture effects on your DUT. CMT offers 2xThrough fixture removal support with three methods that fit different fixture configurations:

- 1. Time-gating approach is ideal for fixtures with long electrical length of leading transmission lines or for higher frequency options.
- 2. Filtering algorithm is useful in cases where signals in both parts of the fixture significantly overlap in time domain.
- 3. Bisect method covers instances with short electrical length of the fixture leading transmission lines and inadequate time domain resolution.



S5045 Specifications¹



160 mm

Image shows actual size

Primary Specifications³

Impedance	50 Ohm
Test port connector	type N, female
Number of test ports	2
Frequency range	9 kHz to 4.5 GHz
Full frequency accuracy	±5·10 ⁻⁶
Frequency resolution	1 Hz
Number of measurement points	2 to 200,001
Measurement bandwidths (with 1/1.5/2/3/5/7 steps)	1 Hz to 100 kHz
Dynamic range ²	
9 kHz to 300 kHz	85 dB (100 dB typ.)
300 kHz to 4.5 GHz	125 dB (130 dB typ.)

Measurement Accuracy

Accuracy of transmission measurements ⁴	Magnitude / Phase
9 kHz to 300 kHz	
-25 dB to +10 dB	±0.2 dB / ±2°
-45 dB to -25 dB	±1.0 dB / ±6°
300 kHz to 4.5 GHz	
0 dB to +10 dB	±0.2 dB / ±2°
-45 dB to 0 dB	±0.1 dB / ±1°
-65 dB to -45 dB	±0.2 dB / ±2°
-85 dB to -65 dB	±1.0 dB / ±6°
Accuracy of reflection measurements ⁵	Magnitude / Phase
-15 dB to 0 dB	±0.4 dB / ±3°
-25 dB to -15 dB	±1.0 dB / ±6°
-35 dB to -25 dB	±3.0 dB / ±20°
Trace noise magnitude (IF bandwidth 3 kHz)	
9 kHz to 300 kHz	0.050 dB rms
300 kHz to 4.5 GHz	0.002 dB rms
Temperature dependence	0.02 dB/°C

Effective System Data

9 kHz to 300 kHz	
Directivity	46 dB
Source match	40 dB
Load match	46 dB
Reflection tracking	±0.10 dB
Transmission tracking	±0.14 dB
300 kHz to 4.5 GHz	
Directivity	46 dB
Source match	40 dB
Load match	46 dB
Reflection tracking	±0.10 dB
Transmission tracking	±0.08 dB

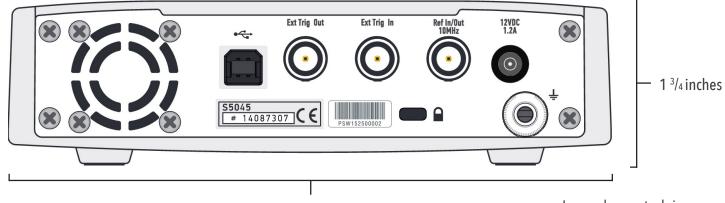
Uncorrected System Performance

9 kHz to 300 kHz	
Directivity	8 dB
Source match	10 dB
Load match	10 dB
300 kHz to 4.5 GHz	
Directivity	15 dB
Source match	15 dB
Load match	15 dB

Test Port Output

Power range	-55 dBm to +5 dBm
Power accuracy	±1.5 dB
Power resolution	0.05 dB
Harmonic distortion ⁶	-20 dBc
Non-harmonic spurious ⁶	-20 dBc

[1] All specifications subject to change without notice. [2] The dynamic range is defined as the difference between the specified maximum power level and the specified noise floor. The specification applies at 10 Hz IF bandwidth. [3] Reflection and transmission measurement accuracy applies over the temperature range of (73 ± 9) °F or (23 ± 5) °C after 40 minutes of warming-up, with less than 1 °C deviation from the full two-port calibration temperature, at output power of -5 dBm. Frequency points have to be identical for measurement and calibration (no interpolation allowed). [4] Transmission specifications are based on a matched DUT, and IF bandwidth of 10 Hz. [5] Reflection specifications are based on an isolating DUT. [6] Specification applies over frequency range from 300 kHz to upper frequency limit, at output power of 0 dBm. © Copper Mountain Technologies - www.coppermountaintech.com - Rev. 202201



6 ³/₁₀ inches

Image shows actual size

Test Port Input

Noise floor	
9 kHz to 300 kHz	-90 dBm/Hz
300 kHz to 4.5 GHz	-130 dBm/Hz
Damage level	+23 dBm
Damage DC voltage	35 V

Measurement Speed

Time per point	70 µs typ.
Port switchover time	1 ms

Frequency Reference Input

Port	10 MHz Ref In/Out
External reference frequency	10 MHz
Input level	-1 dBm to 5 dBm
Input impedance	50 Ohm
Connector type	BNC, female

Frequency Reference Output

Port	10 MHz Ref In/Out
Internal reference frequency	10 MHz
Output reference signal level at 50 Ohm impedance	1 dBm to 5 dBm
Connector type	BNC, female

Trigger Input

Port	Ext Trig In
Input level	
Low threshold voltage	0.5 V
High threshold voltage	2.7 V
Input level range	0 V to + 5 V
Pulse width	≥2 µs
Polarity	positive or negative
Input impedance	≥10 kOhm
Connector type	BNC, female

Trigger Output

Port	Ext Trig Out
Maximum output current	20 mA
Output level	
Low level voltage	0.0 V
High level voltage	3.5 V
Polarity	positive or negative
Connector type	BNC, female

System & Power

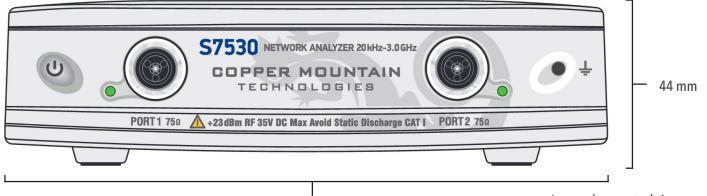
Operating system	Windows 7 and above
CPU frequency	1.5 GHz
RAM	1 GB
Interface	USB 2.0
Connector type	USB B
Input power (VNA)	9 V DC to 15 V DC
Input power consumption (VNA)	12 W
Power supply (Main Outlet)	110-240 V, 50/60 Hz
Power consumption (Main Outlet)	14 W

Factory Adjustment

Recommended factory adjustment interval	3 years
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Operating temperature	+5 °C to +40 °C (41 °F to 104 °F)
Storage temperature	-50 °C to +70 °C (-58 °F to 158 °F)
Humidity	90 % at 25 °C (77 °F)
Atmospheric pressure	70.0 kPa to 106.7 kPa

S7530 Specifications¹



160 mm

Image shows actual size

Primary Specifications³

Impedance	75 Ohm
Test port connector	type N, female
Number of test ports	2
Frequency range	20 kHz to 3.0 GHz
Full frequency accuracy	±5.10 ⁻⁶
Frequency resolution	10 Hz
Number of measurement points	2 to 200,001
Measurement bandwidths (with 1/1.5/2/3/5/7 steps)	1 Hz to 30 kHz
Dynamic range ²	
20 kHz to 300 kHz	75 dB (100 dB typ.)
300 kHz to 3.0 GHz	120 dB (123 dB typ.)

Measurement Accuracy

Accuracy of transmission measurements ⁴	Magnitude / Phase
20 kHz to 300 kHz	
-15 dB to +10 dB	±0.2 dB / ±2°
-35 dB to -15 dB	±1.0 dB / ±6°
300 kHz to 3.0 GHz	
0 dB to +10 dB	±0.2 dB / ±2°
-40 dB to 0 dB	±0.15 dB / ±1.5°
-60 dB to -40 dB	±0.2 dB / ±2°
-80 dB to -60 dB	±1.0 dB / ±6°
Accuracy of reflection measurements ⁵	Magnitude / Phase
-15 dB to 0 dB	±0.4 dB / ±3°
-25 dB to -15 dB	±1.0 dB / ±6°
-35 dB to -25 dB	±3.0 dB / ±20°
Trace noise magnitude (IF bandwidth 3 kHz)	
20 kHz to 300 kHz	0.050 dB rms
300 kHz to 3.0 GHz	0.002 dB rms
Temperature dependence	0.02 dB/°C

Effective System Data

20 kHz to 3.0 GHz	
Directivity	46 dB
Source match	40 dB
Load match	46 dB
Reflection tracking	±0.10 dB
Transmission tracking	±0.14 dB

Uncorrected System Performance

20 kHz to 300 kHz	
Directivity	12 dB
Source match	15 dB
Load match	15 dB
300 kHz to 3.0 GHz	
Directivity	15 dB (18 dB typ.)
Source match	15 dB
Load match	22 dB

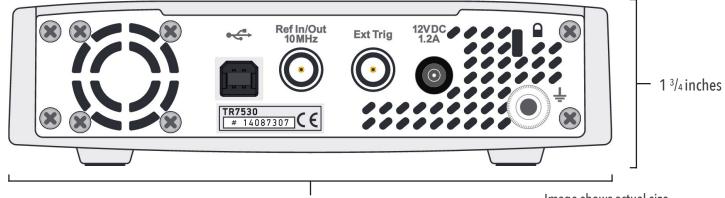
Test Port Output

Power range	-50 dBm to +5 dBm
Power accuracy	±1.0 dB
Power resolution	0.05 dB
Harmonic distortion ⁶	-20 dBc
Non-harmonic spurious ⁶	-30 dBc

Test Port Input

Noise floor	
20 kHz to 300 kHz	-80 dBm/Hz
300 kHz to 3.0 GHz	-125 dBm/Hz
Damage level	+23 dBm
Damage DC voltage	35 V

[1] All specifications subject to change without notice. [2] The dynamic range is defined as the difference between the specified maximum power level and the specified noise floor. The specification applies at 10 Hz IF bandwidth. [3] Reflection and transmission measurement accuracy applies over the temperature range of (73 ± 9) °F or (23 ± 5) °C after 40 minutes of warming-up, with less than 1 °C deviation from the full two-port calibration temperature, at output power of -5 dBm. Frequency points have to be identical for measurement and calibration (no interpolation allowed). [4] Transmission specifications are based on a matched DUT, and IF bandwidth of 10 Hz. [5] Reflection specifications are based on an isolating DUT. [6] Specification applies over frequency range from 300 kHz to upper frequency limit, at output power of 0 dBm. © Copper Mountain Technologies - www.coppermountaintech.com - Rev. 202201



6 ³/10 inches

Image shows actual size

Measurement Speed

Time per point	250 µs typ.
Port switchover time	10 ms

Frequency Reference Input

Port	10 MHz Ref In/Out
External reference frequency	10 MHz
Input level	-1 dBm to 5 dBm
Input impedance	50 Ohm
Connector type	BNC, female

Frequency Reference Output

Port	10 MHz Ref In/Out
Internal reference frequency	10 MHz
Output reference signal level at 50 Ohm impedance	1 dBm to 5 dBm
Connector type	BNC, female

Frequency Trigger Input

Port	Ext Trig
Input level	
Low threshold voltage	0.5 V
High threshold voltage	2.7 V
Input level range	0 V to + 5 V
Pulse width	≥2 µs
Polarity	positive or negative
Input impedance	≥10 kOhm
Connector type	BNC, female

Frequency Trigger Output

Port	Ext Trig
Maximum output current	20 mA
Output level	
Low level voltage	0.0 V
High level voltage	3.5 V
Polarity	positive or negative
Connector type	BNC, female

System & Power

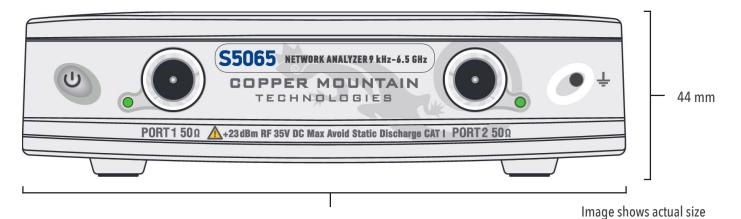
Operating system	Windows 7 and above
CPU frequency	1.5 GHz
RAM	1 GB
Interface	USB 2.0
Connector type	USB B
Input power (VNA)	9 V DC to 15 V DC
Input power consumption (VNA)	10 W
Power supply (Main Outlet)	110-240 V, 50/60 Hz
Power consumption (Main Outlet)	12 W

Factory Adjustment

Recommended factory adjustment interval	3 years
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Operating temperature	+5 °C to +40 °C (41 °F to 104 °F)
Storage temperature	-50 °C to +70 °C (-58 °F to 158 °F)
Humidity	90 % at 25 °C (77 °F)
Atmospheric pressure	70.0 kPa to 106.7 kPa

S5065 Specifications¹



160 mm

Drimary Cracifications

r	rim	ary	specifications

Impedance	50 Ohm
Test port connector	type N, female
Number of test ports	2
Frequency range	9 kHz to 6.5 GHz
Full frequency accuracy	±5·10 ⁻⁶
Frequency resolution	1 Hz
Number of measurement points	2 to 200,001
Measurement bandwidths (with 1/1.5/2/3/5/7 steps)	1 Hz to 100 kHz
Dynamic range ²	
9 kHz to 300 kHz	85 dB (100 dB typ.)
300 kHz to 6.5 GHz	125 dB (130 dB typ.)

Effective System Data

9 kHz to 300 kHz	
Directivity	46 dB
Source match	40 dB
Load match	46 dB
Reflection tracking	±0.10 dB
Transmission tracking	±0.14 dB
300 kHz to 6.5 GHz	
Directivity	46 dB
Source match	40 dB
Load match	46 dB
Reflection tracking	±0.10 dB
Transmission tracking	±0.08 dB

Measurement Accuracy

Accuracy of transmission measurements ⁴	Magnitude / Phase
9 kHz to 300 kHz	
-25 dB to +10 dB	±0.2 dB / ±2°
-45 dB to -25 dB	±1.0 dB / ±6°
300 kHz to 6.5 GHz	
0 dB to +10 dB	±0.2 dB / ±2°
-45 dB to 0 dB	±0.1 dB / ±1°
-65 dB to -45 dB	±0.2 dB / ±2°
-85 dB to -65 dB	±1.0 dB / ±6°
Accuracy of reflection measurements ⁵	Magnitude / Phase
-15 dB to 0 dB	±0.4 dB / ±3°
-25 dB to -15 dB	±1.0 dB / ±6°
-35 dB to -25 dB	±3.0 dB / ±20°
Trace noise magnitude (IF bandwidth 3 kHz)	
9 kHz to 300 kHz	0.050 dB rms
300 kHz to 6.5 GHz	0.002 dB rms
Temperature dependence	0.02 dB/°C

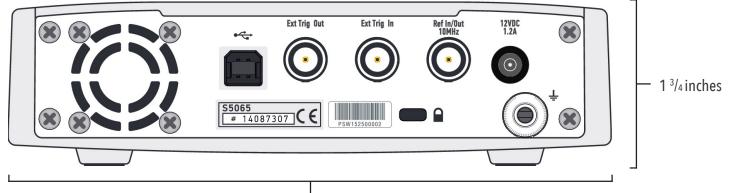
Uncorrected System Performance

9 kHz to 300 kHz	
Directivity	8 dB
Source match	10 dB
Load match	10 dB
300 kHz to 6.5 GHz	
Directivity	15 dB
Source match	15 dB
Load match	15 dB

Test Port Output

Power range	-55 dBm to +5 dBm
Power accuracy	±1.5 dB
Power resolution	0.05 dB
Harmonic distortion ⁶	-20 dBc
Non-harmonic spurious ⁶	-20 dBc

[1] All specifications subject to change without notice. [2] The dynamic range is defined as the difference between the specified maximum power level and the specified noise floor. The specification applies at 10 Hz IF bandwidth. [3] Reflection and transmission measurement accuracy applies over the temperature range of (73 ± 9) °F or (23 ± 5) °C after 40 minutes of warming-up, with less than 1 °C deviation from the full two-port calibration temperature, at output power of -5 dBm. Frequency points have to be identical for measurement and calibration (no interpolation allowed). [4] Transmission specifications are based on a matched DUT, and IF bandwidth of 10 Hz. [5] Reflection specifications are based on an isolating DUT. [6] Specification applies over frequency range from 300 kHz to upper frequency limit, at output power of 0 dBm. © Copper Mountain Technologies - www.coppermountaintech.com - Rev. 2022Q1



6 ³/10 inches

Image shows actual size

Test Port Input

Noise floor	
9 kHz to 300 kHz	-90 dBm/Hz
300 kHz to 6.5 GHz	-130 dBm/Hz
Damage level	+23 dBm
Damage DC voltage	35 V

Measurement Speed

Time per point	70 µs typ.
Port switchover time	1 ms

Frequency Reference Input

Port	10 MHz Ref In/Out
External reference frequency	10 MHz
Input level	-1 dBm to 5 dBm
Input impedance	50 Ohm
Connector type	BNC, female

Frequency Reference Output

Port	10 MHz Ref In/Out
Internal reference frequency	10 MHz
Output reference signal level at 50 Ohm impedance	1 dBm to 5 dBm
Connector type	BNC, female

Trigger Input

Port	Ext Trig In
Input level	
Low threshold voltage	0.5 V
High threshold voltage	2.7 V
Input level range	0 V to + 5 V
Pulse width	≥2 µs
Polarity	positive or negative
Input impedance	≥10 kOhm
Connector type	BNC, female

Trigger Output

Port	Ext Trig Out
Maximum output current	20 mA
Output level	
Low level voltage	0.0 V
High level voltage	3.5 V
Polarity	positive or negative
Connector type	BNC, female

System & Power

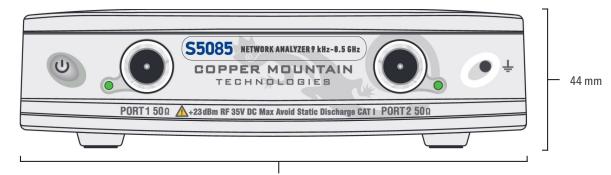
Operating system	Windows 7 and above
CPU frequency	1.5 GHz
RAM	1 GB
Interface	USB 2.0
Connector type	USB B
Input power (VNA)	9 V DC to 15 V DC
Input power consumption (VNA)	12 W
Power supply (Main Outlet)	110-240 V, 50/60 Hz
Power consumption (Main Outlet)	14 W

Factory Adjustment

Recommended factory adjustment interval	3 years
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Operating temperature	ture +5 °C to +40 °C (41 °F to 104 °F)	
Storage temperature	-50 °C to +70 °C (-58 °F to 158 °F)	
Humidity	90 % at 25 °C (77 °F)	
Atmospheric pressure	70.0 kPa to 106.7 kPa	

S5085 Specifications¹



Measurement Accuracy

Primary Specifications³

160 mm

Impedance	50 Ohm
Test port connector	type N, female
Number of test ports	2
Frequency range	9 kHz to 8.5 GHz
Full frequency accuracy	±5·10 ⁻⁶
Frequency resolution	1 Hz
Number of measurement points	2 to 200,001
Measurement bandwidths (with 1/1.5/2/3/5/7 steps)	1 Hz to 100 kHz
Dynamic range ²	
9 kHz to 300 kHz	85 dB (100 dB typ.)
300 kHz to 6.5 GHz	125 dB (130 dB typ.)
6.5 GHz to 8.0 GHz	120 dB (125 dB typ.)
8.0 GHz to 8.5 GHz	115 dB (120 dB typ.)

Effective System Data

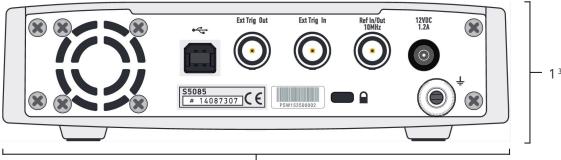
9 kHz to 300 kHz	
Directivity	46 dB
Source match	40 dB
Load match	46 dB
Reflection tracking	±0.10 dB
Transmission tracking	±0.14 dB
300 kHz to 8.5 GHz	
Directivity	46 dB
Source match	40 dB
Load match	46 dB
Reflection tracking	±0.10 dB
Transmission tracking	±0.08 dB

Accuracy of transmission measurements ⁴	Magnitude / Phase
9 kHz to 300 kHz	
-25 dB to +10 dB	±0.2 dB / ±2°
-45 dB to -25 dB	±1.0 dB / ±6°
300 kHz to 6.5 GHz	
0 dB to +10 dB	±0.2 dB / ±2°
-45 dB to 0 dB	±0.1 dB / ±1°
-65 dB to -45 dB	±0.2 dB / ±2°
-85 dB to -65 dB	±1.0 dB / ±6°
6.5 GHz to 8.0 GHz	
0 dB to +10 dB	±0.2 dB / ±2°
-40 dB to 0 dB	±0.1 dB / ±1°
-60 dB to -40 dB	±0.2 dB / ±2°
-80 dB to -60 dB	±1.0 dB / ±6°
8.0 GHz to 8.5 GHz	
0 dB to +10 dB	±0.2 dB / ±2°
-35 dB to 0 dB	±0.1 dB / ±1°
-55 dB to -35 dB	±0.2 dB / ±2°
-75 dB to -55 dB	±1.0 dB / ±6°
Accuracy of reflection measurements ^₅	Magnitude / Phase
-15 dB to 0 dB	±0.4 dB / ±3°
-25 dB to -15 dB	±1.0 dB / ±6°
-35 dB to -25 dB	±3.0 dB / ±20°
Trace noise magnitude (IF bandwidth 3 kHz)	
9 kHz to 300 kHz	0.050 dB rms
300 kHz to 8.5 GHz	0.002 dB rms
Temperature dependence	0.02 dB/°C

Uncorrected System Performance

9 kHz to 300 kHz	
Directivity	8 dB
Source match	10 dB
Load match	10 dB
300 kHz to 6.5 GHz	
Directivity	15 dB
Source match	15 dB
Load match	15 dB
6.5 GHz to 8.5 GHz	
Directivity	12 dB
Source match	15 dB
Load match	15 dB

[1] All specifications subject to change without notice. [2] The dynamic range is defined as the difference between the specified maximum power level and the specified noise floor. The specification applies at 10 Hz IF bandwidth. [3] Reflection and transmission measurement accuracy applies over the temperature range of (73 ± 9) °F or (23 ± 5) °C after 40 minutes of warming-up, with less than 1 °C deviation from the full two-port calibration temperature, at output power of -5 dBm. Frequency points have to be identical for measurement and calibration (no interpolation allowed). [4] Transmission specifications are based on a matched DUT, and IF bandwidth of 10 Hz. [5] Reflection specifications are based on an isolating DUT. [6] Specification applies over frequency range from 300 kHz to upper frequency limit, at output power of 0 dBm. © Copper Mountain Technologies - www. coppermountaintech.com - Rev. 2022Q1



- 1 ³/₄ inches

 $6^{3/10}$ inches

Test Port Output

Power range	
9 kHz to 8.0 GHz	-55 dBm to +5 dBm
8.0 GHz to 8.5 GHz	-55 dBm to +3 dBm
Power accuracy	±1.5 dB
Power resolution	0.05 dB
Harmonic distortion ⁶	-20 dBc
Non-harmonic spurious ⁶	
300 kHz to 6.5 GHz	-20 dB c
6.5 GHz to 8.5 GHz	-15 dBc

Test Port Input

Noise floor	
9 kHz to 300 kHz	-90 dBm/Hz
300 kHz to 6.5 GHz	-130 dBm/Hz
6.5 GHz to 8.0 GHz	-125 dBm/Hz
8.0 GHz to 8.5 GHz	-122 dBm/Hz
Damage level	+23 dBm
Damage DC voltage	35 V

Measurement Speed

Time per point	70 µs typ.
Port switchover time	1 ms

Frequency Reference Input

Port	10 MHz Ref In/Out
External reference frequency	10 MHz
Input level	-1 dBm to 5 dBm
Input impedance	50 Ohm
Connector type	BNC, female

Frequency Reference Output

Port	10 MHz Ref In/Out
Internal reference frequency	10 MHz
Output reference signal level at 50 Ohm impedance	1 dBm to 5 dBm
Connector type	BNC, female

Factory Adjustment

Recommended factory adjustment interval	3 years

Trigger Input

Port	Ext Trig In
Input level	
Low threshold voltage	0.5 V
High threshold voltage	2.7 V
Input level range	0 V to + 5 V
Pulse width	≥2 µs
Polarity	positive or negative
Input impedance	≥10 kOhm
Connector type	BNC, female

Trigger Output

Port	Ext Trig Out
Maximum output current	20 mA
Output level	
Low level voltage	0.0 V
High level voltage	3.5 V
Polarity	positive or negative
Connector type	BNC, female

System & Power

Operating system	Windows 7 and above
CPU frequency	1.5 GHz
RAM	1 GB
Interface	USB 2.0
Connector type	USB B
Input power (VNA)	9 V DC to 15 V DC
Input power consumption (VNA)	12 W
Power supply (Main Outlet)	110-240 V, 50/60 Hz
Power consumption (Main Outlet)	14 W

Operating temperature	+5 °C to +40 °C (41 °F to 104 °F)
Storage temperature	-50 °C to +70 °C (-58 °F to 158 °F)
Humidity	90 % at 25 °C (77 °F)
Atmospheric pressure	70.0 kPa to 106.7 kPa

S5180B Specifications¹

Primary Specifications³

Impedance	50 Ohm
Test port connector	type N, female
Number of test ports	2
Frequency range	100 kHz to 18 GHz
Full frequency accuracy	±5·10 ⁻⁶
Frequency resolution	1 Hz
Number of measurement points	2 to 200,001
Measurement bandwidths (with 1/1.5/2/3/5/7 steps)	1 Hz to 300 kHz
Dynamic range ²	
100 kHz to 1 MHz	100 dB (120 dB typ.)
1 MHz to 6.5 GHz	130 dB (133 dB typ.)
6.5 GHz to 8.5 GHz	127 dB (130 dB typ.)
8.5 GHz to 16 GHz	125 dB
16 GHz to 18 GHz	121 dB
Crosstalk ² a	
10 GHz to 18 GHz	-115 dB

Effective System Data

100 kHz to 10 GHz	
Directivity	46 dB
Source match	40 dB
Load match	46 dB
Reflection tracking	±0.10 dB
Transmission tracking	±0.08 dB
10 GHz to 18 GHz	
Directivity	42 dB
Source match	38 dB
Load match	42 dB
Reflection tracking	±0.10 dB
Transmission tracking	±0.08 dB

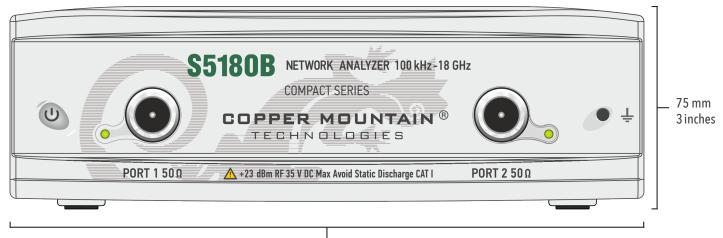
Uncorrected System Performance

100 kHz to 7 GHz	
Directivity	14 dB
Source match	12 dB
Load match	15 dB
7 GHz to 18 GHz	
Directivity	10 dB
Source match	10 dB
Load match	12 dB

Measurement Accuracy

Accuracy of transmission measurements ⁴	Magnitude / Phase
100 kHz to 1 MHz	
0 dB to +10 dB	±0.2 dB / ±2°
-30 dB to 0 dB	±0.1 dB / ±1°
-50 dB to -30 dB	±0.2 dB / ±2°
-70 dB to -50 dB	±1.0 dB / ±6°
1 MHz to 6.5 GHz	
0 dB to +10 dB	±0.2 dB / ±2°
-60 dB to 0 dB	±0.1 dB / ±1°
-80 dB to -60 dB	±0.2 dB / ±2°
-100 dB to -80 dB	±1.0 dB / ±6°
6.5 GHz to 8.5 GHz	
0 dB to +10 dB	±0.2 dB / ±2°
-55 dB to 0 dB	±0.1 dB / ±1°
-75 dB to -55 dB	±0.2 dB / ±2°
-97 dB to -75 dB	±1.0 dB / ±6°
8.5 GHz to 16 GHz	
0 dB to +10 dB	±0.2 dB / ±2°
-55 dB to 0 dB	±0.1 dB / ±1°
-75 dB to -55 dB	±0.2 dB / ±2°
-95 dB to -75 dB	±1.0 dB / ±6°
16 GHz to 18 GHz	
0 dB to +6 dB	±0.2 dB / ±2°
-55 dB to 0 dB	±0.1 dB / ±1°
-75 dB to -55 dB	±0.2 dB / ±2°
-95 dB to -75 dB	±1.0 dB / ±6°
Accuracy of reflection measurements ^₅	Magnitude / Phase
100 kHz to 10 GHz	
-15 dB to 0 dB	±0.4 dB / ±3°
-25 dB to -15 dB	±1.0 dB / ±6°
-35 dB to -25 dB	±3.0 dB / ±20°
10 GHz to 18 GHz	
-15 dB to 0 dB	±0.5 dB / ±4°
-25 dB to -15 dB	±1.5 dB / ±10°
-35 dB to -25 dB	±5.5 dB / ±30°
Trace noise magnitude (IF bandwidth 3 kHz)	
100 kHz to 1 MHz	0.010 dB rms
1 MHz to 6.5 GHz	0.002 dB rms
6.5 GHz to 12 GHz	0.003 dB rms
12 GHz to 18 GHz	0.004 dB rms
Temperature dependence	
100 kHz to 6.5 GHz	0.02 dB/°C
6.5 GHz to 18 GHz	0.04 dB/°C

[1] All specifications subject to change without notice. [2] The dynamic range is defined as the difference between the specified maximum power level and the specified noise floor. The specification applies at 10 Hz IF bandwidth. [2a] Uncorrected crosstalk is defined at maximum specified output power level. Dynamic range of the analyzer may be limited on the lower end by either crosstalk or noise floor. [3] Reflection and transmission measurement accuracy applies over the temperature range of (73 ± 9) °F or (23 ± 5) °C after 40 minutes of warming-up, with less than 1 °C deviation from the full two-port calibration temperature, at output power of 0dBm. Frequency points have to be identical for measurement and calibration (no interpolation allowed). [4] Transmission specifications are based on a matched DUT, and IF bandwidth of 1 Hz. [5] Reflection specifications are based on an isolating DUT. [6] Specification applies over frequency range from 300 kHz to upper frequency limit, at output power of 0 dBm. © Copper Mountain Technologies - www.coppermountaintech.com - Rev. 2022Q1



210 mm/8 ¹/₄ inches

Test Port Output

Power range	
100 kHz to 16 GHz	-45 dBm to +10 dBm
16 GHz to 18 GHz	-45 dBm to +6 dBm
Power accuracy	±1.5 dB
Power resolution	0.05 dB
Harmonic distortion ⁶	-15 dBc
Non-harmonic spurious ⁶	
300 kHz to 16 GHz	-20 dBc
16 GHz to 18 GHz	-15 dBc

Test Port Input

Noise floor	
100 kHz to 1 MHz	-100 dBm/Hz
1 MHz to 6.5 GHz	-130 dBm/Hz
6.5 GHz to 8.5 GHz	-127 dBm/Hz
8.5 GHz to 18 GHz	-125 dBm/Hz
Damage level	+23 dBm
Damage DC voltage	35 V

Measurement Speed

Time per point	24 µs typ.
Port switchover time	0.2 ms

Frequency Reference Input

Port	10 MHz Ref In/Out
External reference frequency	10 MHz
Input level	-1 dBm to 5 dBm
Input impedance	50 Ohm
Connector type	BNC, female

Frequency Reference Output

Port	10 MHz Ref In/Out
Internal reference frequency	10 MHz
Output reference signal level at 50 Ohm impedance	1 dBm to 5 dBm
Connector type	BNC, female

Factory Adjustment

Recommended factory adjustment interval 3 years

Trigger Input

Port	Ext Trig In
Input level	
Low threshold voltage	0.5 V
High threshold voltage	2.7 V
Input level range	0 V to + 5 V
Pulse width	≥2 µs
Polarity	positive or negative
Input impedance	≥10 kOhm
Connector type	BNC, female

Trigger Output

Port	Ext Trig Out
Maximum output current	20 mA
Output level	
Low level voltage	0.0 V
High level voltage	3.5 V
Polarity	positive or negative
Connector type	BNC, female

System & Power

Operating system	Windows 7 and above
CPU frequency	1.5 GHz
RAM	1 GB
Interface	USB 2.0
Connector type	USB B
Input power (VNA)	11 V DC to 15 V DC
Input power consumption (VNA)	35 W
Power supply (Main Outlet)	110-240 V, 50/60 Hz
Power consumption (Main Outlet)	40 W

Operating temperature	+5 °C to +40 °C (41 °F to 104 °F)	
Storage temperature	-50 °C to +70 °C (-58 °F to 158 °F)	
Humidity	90 % at 25 °C (77 °F)	
Atmospheric pressure	70.0 kPa to 106.7 kPa	

S5243 Specifications¹

Primary Specifications³

Impedance	50 Ohm
Test port connector	NMD 2.4 mm, male
Number of test ports	2
Frequency range	10 MHz to 44 GHz
Full frequency accuracy	±2.10-6
Frequency resolution	1 Hz
Number of measurement points	2 to 500,001
Measurement bandwidths (with 1/1.5/2/3/5/7 steps)	1 Hz to 2 MHz
Dynamic range ²	
10 MHz to 27 GHz	133 dB (135 dB typ.)
27 GHz to 40 GHz	125 dB (128 dB typ.)
40 GHz to 44 GHz	115 dB (118 dB typ.)

Measurement Accuracy

Accuracy of transmission measurements ^₄	Magnitude / Phase
10 MHz to 27 GHz	
0 dB to +10 dB	±0.2 dB / ±2°
-55 dB to 0 dB	±0.1 dB / ±1°
-75 dB to -55 dB	±0.2 dB / ±2°
-93 dB to -75 dB	±1.0 dB / ±6°
27 GHz to 40 GHz	
0 dB to +10 dB	±0.2 dB / ±2°
-45 dB to 0 dB	±0.1 dB / ±1°
-65 dB to -45 dB	±0.2 dB / ±2°
-85 dB to -65 dB	±1.0 dB / ±6°
40 GHz to 44 GHz	
0 dB to +10 dB	±0.2 dB / ±2°
-40 dB to 0 dB	±0.1 dB / ±1°
-60 dB to -40 dB	±0.2 dB / ±2°
-80 dB to -60 dB	±1.0 dB / ±6°
Accuracy of reflection measurements ⁵	Magnitude / Phase
10 MHz to 27 GHz	
-15 dB to 0 dB	±0.5 dB / ±5°
-25 dB to -15 dB	±1.5 dB / ±10°
-35 dB to -25 dB	±5.5 dB / ±30°
27 GHz to 44 GHz	
-15 dB to 0 dB	±0.6 dB / ±6°
-25 dB to -15 dB	±2 dB / ±12°
-35 dB to -25 dB	±7.5 dB / ±35°
Trace noise magnitude (IF bandwidth 3 kHz)	
10 MHz to 44 GHz	0.004 dB rms
Temperature dependence	
10 MHz to 9 GHz	0.02 dB/°C
9 GHz to 27 GHz	0.04 dB/°C
27 GHz to 44 GHz	0.04 dB/°C

Effective System Data

10 MHz to 27 GHz	
Directivity	42 dB
Source match	38 dB
Load match	42 dB
Reflection tracking	±0.10 dB
Transmission tracking	±0.10 dB
27 GHz to 44 GHz	
Directivity	40 dB
Source match	34 dB
Load match	40 dB
Reflection tracking	±0.15 dB
Transmission tracking	±0.10 dB

Uncorrected System Performance

10 MHz to 27 GHz	
Directivity	10 dB
Source match	10 dB
Load match	10 dB
27 GHz to 44 GHz	
Directivity	8 dB
Source match	10 dB
Load match	10 dB

Test Port Output

Power range	
10 MHz to 40 GHz	-50 dBm to 0 dBm
40 GHz to 44 GHz	-50 dBm to -5 dBm
Power accuracy	±1.5 dB
Power resolution	0.05 dB
Harmonic distortion ⁶	-10 dBc
Non-harmonic spurious ⁶	-10 dBc

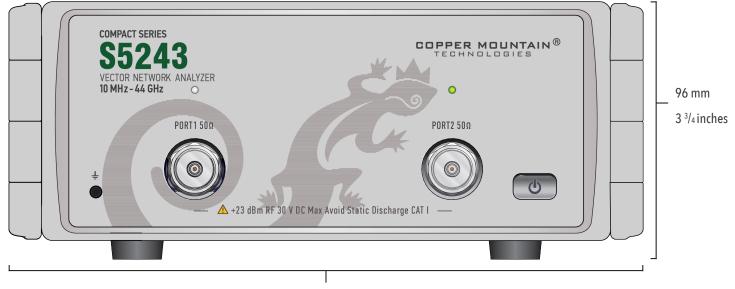
Test Port Input

Noise floor	
10 MHz to 27 GHz	-143 dBm/Hz (-145 dBm/Hz typ.)
27 GHz to 40 GHz	-135 dBm/Hz (-138 dBm/Hz typ.)
40 GHz to 44 GHz	-130 dBm/Hz (-133 dBm/Hz typ.)
Damage level	+23 dBm
Damage DC voltage	30 V

Measurement Speed

Time per point	22 µs typ.
Port switchover time	7 ms

[1] All specifications subject to change without notice. [2] The dynamic range is defined as the difference between the specified maximum power level and the specified noise floor. The specification applies at 10 Hz IF bandwidth. [3] Reflection and transmission measurement accuracy applies over the temperature range of (73 ± 9) °F or (23 ± 5) °C after 40 minutes of warming-up, with less than 1 °C deviation from the full two-port calibration temperature, at output power of -10 dBm. Frequency points have to be identical for measurement and calibration (no interpolation allowed). [4] Transmission specifications are based on a matched DUT, and IF bandwidth of 10 Hz. [5] Reflection specifications are based on an isolating DUT. [6] Specification applies over entire frequency range, at output power of 0 dBm. © Copper Mountain Technologies - www.coppermountaintech.com - Rev. 202201



235 mm 9¹/₄ inches

Frequency Reference Input

Port	10 MHz Ref In
External reference frequency	10 MHz
Input level	-2 dBm to 4 dBm
Input impedance	50 Ohm
Connector type	BNC, female

Frequency Reference Output

Port	10 MHz Ref Out
Internal reference frequency	10 MHz
Output reference signal level at 50 Ohm impedance	0 dBm to 2 dBm
Connector type	BNC, female

Trigger Input

Port	Ext Trig In
Input level	
Low threshold voltage	0.8 V
High threshold voltage	2.7 V
Input level range	0 V to + 5 V
Pulse width	≥2 µs
Polarity	positive or negative
Input impedance	≥10 kOhm
Connector type	BNC, female

Trigger Output

Port	Ext Trig Out		
Maximum output current	20 mA		
Output level			
Low level voltage	0.4 V		
High level voltage	3.0 V		
Polarity	positive or negative		
Connector type	BNC, female		

System & Power

Operating system	ng system Windows 7 and above			
CPU frequency	1.5 GHz			
RAM	1 GB			
Interface	USB 2.0			
Connector type	USB B			
Power supply (Main Outlet)	110-240 V, 50/60 Hz			
Power consumption (Main Outlet)	45 W			

Factory Adjustment

Neconimended lactory adjustment interval o years	Recommended factory adjustment interval	3 years
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Operating temperature	+5 °C to +40 °C (41 °F to 104 °F)		
Storage temperature	-50 °C to +70 °C (-58 °F to 158 °F)		
Humidity	90 % at 25 °C (77 °F)		
Atmospheric pressure	70.0 kPa to 106.7 kPa		

Technology is supposed to move. It's supposed to change and update and progress. It's not meant to sit stagnant year after year simply because that's how things have always been done.

The engineers at Copper Mountain Technologies are creative problem solvers. They know the people using VNAs don't just need one giant machine in a lab. They know that VNAs are needed in the field, requiring portability and flexibility. Data needs to be quickly transferred, and a test setup needs to be easily automated and recalled for various applications. The engineers at Copper Mountain Technologies are rethinking the way VNAs are developed and used.

Copper Mountain Technologies' VNAs are designed to work with the Windows or Linux PC you already use via USB interface. After installing the test software, you have a top-quality VNA at a fraction of the cost of a traditional analyzer. The result is a faster, more effective test process that fits into the modern workspace. This is the creativity that makes Copper Mountain Technologies stand out above the crowd.

We're creative. We're problem solvers.



_	S5045	S5065	S5085	S5180B	S5243	S7530
Frequency Range	9 kHz to 4.5 GHz	9 kHz to 6.5 GHz	9 kHz to 8.5 GHz	100 kHz to 18 GHz	10 MHz to 44 GHz	20 kHz to 3 GHz
Dynamic Range	130 dB, typ.	130 dB, typ.	130 dB, typ.	>130 dB, typ.	135 dB, typ.	123 dB, typ.
Port Impedance	50 Ohm	50 Ohm	50 Ohm	50 Ohm	50 Ohm	75 Ohm